System Reliability Estimation under Prior-Data Conflict

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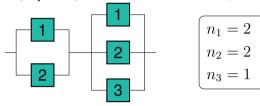
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System reliability

We want to find the *system reliability* $P(T_{\text{sys}} > t)$ for a one-of-a-kind system:



The system consists of n_k exchangeable components of types $1, \ldots, K$.

Component Lifetimes

The lifetime for each k is assumed as Weibull with fixed shape β :

$$F_k(t \mid \lambda_k) = 1 - e^{-\frac{t^{\beta}}{\lambda_k}}$$

$$E[T \mid \lambda_k] = \sqrt[\beta]{\lambda_k} \Gamma(1 + 1/\beta)$$

We have information on λ_k from the component manufacturer, but do not fully trust it and model knowledge on λ_k cautiously with a *set of priors* $\mathcal{M}_k^{(0)}$.

Need to minimize over $n_k^{(0)}$'s only, as min must be reached for $\underline{y}_k^{(0)}$'s (lower expected lifetimes = lower component survival probabilities = lower system survival probability).

Set of Priors

Each $\mathcal{M}_k^{(0)}$ is taken as a set of conjugate inverse Gamma priors. In terms of canonical parameters $n^{(0)}, y^{(0)}, \mathcal{M}_k^{(0)} = \left\{\operatorname{IG}(n_k^{(0)}+1, n_k^{(0)}y_k^{(0)}) \mid [\underline{n}_k^{(0)}, \overline{n}_k^{(0)}] \times [\underline{y}_k^{(0)}, \overline{y}_k^{(0)}]\right\},$ where $y_k^{(0)} = \operatorname{E}[\lambda_k \mid n_k^{(0)}, y_k^{(0)}]$ and $n_k^{(0)} = \operatorname{pseudocounts}.$ The prior parameter set $\Pi_k^{(0)} = [\underline{n}_k^{(0)}, \overline{n}_k^{(0)}] \times [\underline{y}_k^{(0)}, \overline{y}_k^{(0)}]$ allows for more imprecision in case of *prior-data conflict* [2].

Data

We observe the system from startup until t_{now} . For each k, the data $\mathbf{t}_{e_k;n_k}^k$ consists of e_k failure times and n_k-e_k censored observations.

 $n_k^{(0)}$ and $y_k^{(0)}$ are updated to $n_k^{(n)}$ and $y_k^{(n)}$ via Bayes' Rule.

$$\underline{P}\left(T_{\mathsf{sys}} > t \mid \{n_k^{(0)}, y_k^{(0)}, \mathbf{t}_{e_k; n_k}^k\}^{1:K}\right) = \min_{n_1^{(0)}, \dots, n_K^{(0)}} \sum_{l_1 = 0}^{n_1 - e_1} \cdots \sum_{l_K = 0}^{n_K - e_K} \Phi(l_1, \dots, l_K) \prod_{k = 1}^K P(C_t^k = l_k \mid n_k^{(0)}, \underline{y}_k^{(0)}, \mathbf{t}_{e_k; n_k}^k)$$

1 1 1 0.75

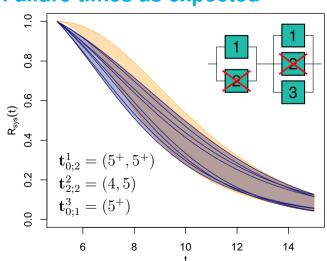
Posterior predictive probability that l_k of the n_k-e_k surviving $\c k$'s function at time t:

$$\begin{pmatrix} n_k - e_k \\ l_k \end{pmatrix} \int \left[P_k(T > t \mid T > t_{\mathsf{now}}, \lambda_k) \right]^{l_k} \times \\ \left[1 - P_k(T > t \mid T > t_{\mathsf{now}}, \lambda_k) \right]^{n_k - e_k - l_k} f_{\lambda_k \mid \dots}(\lambda_k \mid n_k^{(0)}, y_k^{(0)}, \mathbf{t}_{e_k; n_k}^k) \, \mathrm{d}\lambda_k \\ = \begin{pmatrix} n_k - e_k \\ l_k \end{pmatrix} \sum_{j=0}^{n_k - e_k - l_k} (-1)^j \binom{n_k - e_k - l_k}{j} \left(\frac{n_k^{(n)} y_k^{(n)}}{n_k^{(n)} y_k^{(n)} + (l_k + j)(t^\beta - (t_{\mathsf{now}})^\beta)} \right)^{n_k^{(n)} + 1}$$

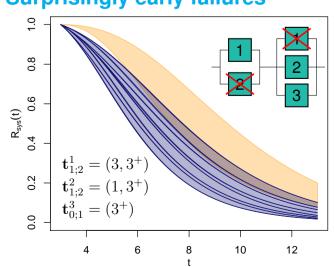
We assume $\beta=2$, $\mathrm{E}[T\mid y_1^{(0)}]\in[9,11]$, $n_1^{(0)}\in[2,10]$, $\mathrm{E}[T\mid y_2^{(0)}]\in[4,5]$, $n_2^{(0)}\in[8,16]$, and $\mathrm{E}[T\mid y_3^{(0)}]\in[9,11]$, $n_3^{(0)}\in[1,5]$.

Failure times as expected

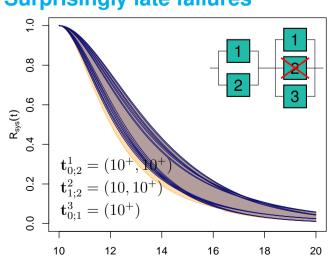
1 1 0.5



Surprisingly early failures



Surprisingly late failures



References

- [1] Frank P. A. Coolen and Tahani Coolen-Maturi. Generalizing the signature to systems with multiple types of components. In W. Zamojski, J. Mazurkiewicz, J. Sugier, T. Walkowiak, and J. Kacprzyk, editors, *Complex Systems and Dependability*, volume 170 of *Advances in Intelligent and Soft Computing*, pages 115–130. Springer, 2012.
- [2] G. Walter. Generalized Bayesian Inference under Prior-Data Conflict. PhD thesis, Department of Statistics, LMU Munich, 2013. http://edoc.ub.uni-muenchen.de/17059.